1 Go over the parts of th dgstv sys
2 Go " " " " " " hrt
3 Both/dscrb th fnc of sebaceous gland sweat excretion villi epidermis gland organs dermis
Mark

HW #

1. The digestive systems parts are the esophagus, stomach, ~~the~~ mouth, small intestine, large intestine, kidneys, urinary bladder, urethra, anus.
2. The hearts parts are the left & right atrii and left & right ventricles.
3. Sebaceous gland: Sweat gland: secretes sweat to cool the body excretion organs -

villi - finger like things in the intestinal lining which absorb ~~the~~ liquid.
dermis - under layer of skin
epidermis - over layer of skin.

1. Indigestion - To take in food
2. Digestion - The breaking of nutrients so that it can be used by the organism
3. Breathing - Inhaling exhaling, taking in / releasing air
4. Respiration - The burning of food for energy
5. Assimulation - The conversion of nutrient material into living matter (photosynthesis)
6. Circulation - The transport system of the organism
7. Expiratory - Waste in solid/liquid/gas
8. Growth / Increase in size
9. Reproduction - Produce offspring
10.

Mark Twain
7B 3-23

Alexander Zoryzone
September 28, 1988

1. Taxonomy - The branch of biology that groups and names living things.

Sept. 30

Aim: To investigate the grouping of living things

Kingdom	Animal	Animal	Animal
Phylum	Chordata	Chordata	Chordata
Class	Mammals		
Order (Primates)	~~Omnivora~~	Carnivora	
Family	Hominidae	Canidae	Felidae
Genus	Homo	Canis	Felis
Species	Sapien	Familiaris	Domestica
	Human	Dog	Cat

Mark Twain
7th-3rd-3rd

Alexandra Sorgysone
October 13th 1988

Aim: How cells differ as to thier function.

	Cell	Function
	Epithelial	Covers mouth and nose with mucus which protects the
body	Nerve	Can be several feet long, carries messages to destruc
the surrounding	Muscle	Produces movement with contraction & relaxation
	Red blood	Carry oxygen to cells and CO^2 to lungs.
	White blood	Engulfs and destroys germs.
	Bone	Makes up body framework and helps movement.
	Root hairs	Absorbs water and minerals from soil.
	Guard cells	Regulates CO_2 intake and O_2 output in a plant
	Egg & Sperm	Form New living things